

ARIZONA COVID-19 RESPONSE

 Review of outbreak to-date and the response in Arizona

O How can you prepare?

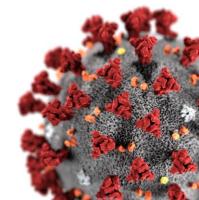
• What can you do?

Questions

Agenda

If you have a question

Write your question in the chat box and we will try to address as many questions as we can



China first reports cases of pneumonia with an unknown cause.



DEC 2019 JAN 2020 FEB 2020

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DEC 20

DEC 2019 JAN 2020 FEB 2020

- · The cause is identified as a new coronavirus.
- By the end of January, there were over 9,000 cases globally.
- Airport screening in the U.S. was initiated.
- The first case of novel coronavirus was detected in the US on January 21st in WA.
- Arizona confirms first case on January 26th.

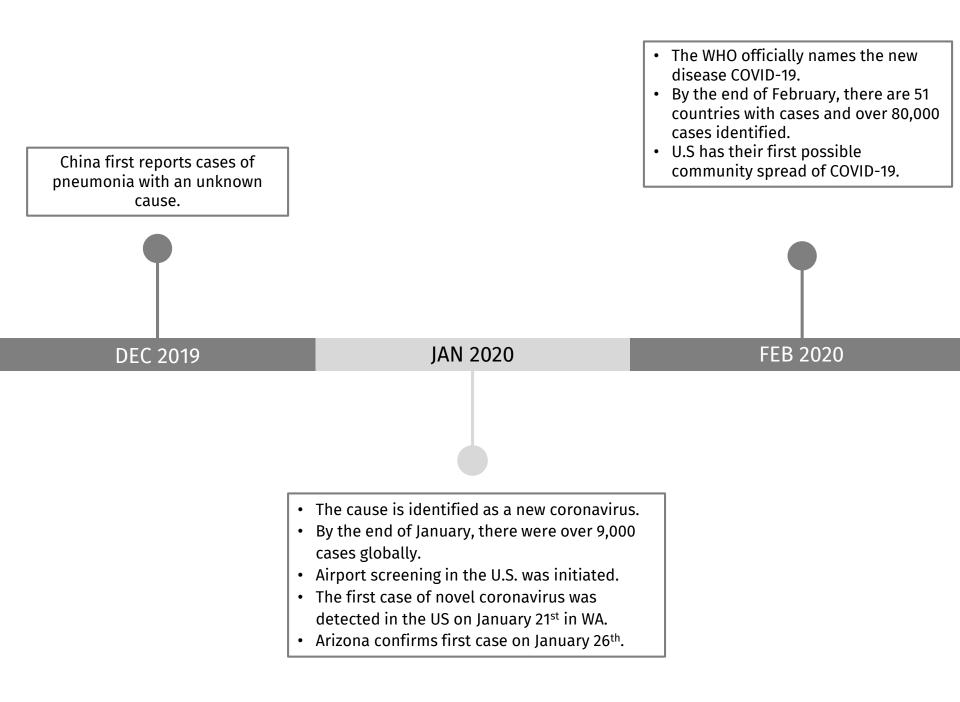
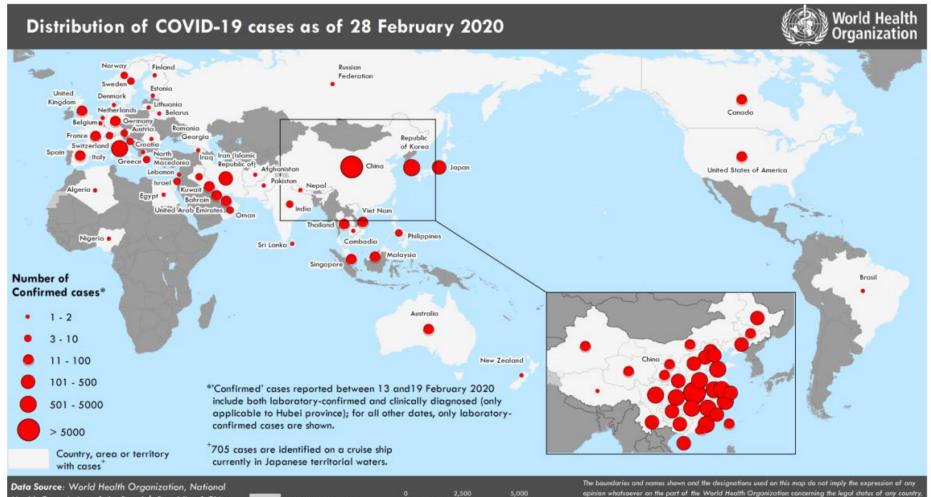


Figure 1. Countries, territories or areas with reported confirmed cases of COVID-19, 28 February 2020



World Health Organization 2020, All rights reserved.

and dashed lines on maps represent approximate barder lines for which there may not yet be full agrees

Not applicable

Health Commission of the People's Republic of China

Map Production: WHO Health Emergencies Programme

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- Coronaviruses are a large family of viruses.
 - There are several known coronaviruses that infect people and usually only cause mild respiratory disease, such as the common cold.
- Coronaviruses can be found in animals, and some of these viruses have the capability of transmitting between animals and humans or from person-to-person.

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NOTE – this looks very similar to many other viral respiratory illnesses such as flu

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 - Information so far suggests that most COVID-19 illness is mild.
 - A report of China suggests serious illness occurs in 16% of cases.
 - Older people and people with underlying health conditions, like heart disease, lung disease and diabetes, for example, were about twice as likely to develop serious outcomes versus otherwise younger, healthier people.

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- Wide range of symptoms from very mild to severe
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- The virus is thought to spread **person-to-person** via respiratory droplets that are produced when someone infected with the virus coughs or sneezes
- There is currently no available medication to treat or vaccine to prevent
- You can take everyday measures right now including proper hand washing, covering coughs and sneezes, and staying home when you are sick

Containment of virus at the source



Community mitigation and preparedness

- In early stages of an outbreak like COVID-19:
 - Public health takes measures to contain diseases to stop them from spreading in our communities.









Containment

- Given national updates, it has become clear that there is a higher likelihood of community spread within the United States.
 - Public health measures begin to shift to slow the spread of the virus rather than to contain it at the source.





Mitigation



Emergency communication



- Emergency communication
- Assess essential functions of business operations



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- Prepare for increased absence in employees



- Emergency communication
- Assess essential functions of business operations
- Prepare for increased absence in employees
- Share plans with employees that explain HR polices.
 - Sick leave flexibilities
 - Pay/benefits



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 - Review telework capacity and policies



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- Provide additional staff training to cross-train staff to ensure coverage in case people get sick and need to stay home.



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- Provide additional staff training to cross-train staff to ensure coverage in case people get sick and need to stay home.
- Ensure that your sick leave policies are flexible and consistent with public health guidance and that employees are aware of these policies.



 Clean surfaces and objects that are touched frequently, including desks, doorknobs, railings, computer keyboards, phones, and toys.

To prepare your school or facility?



- Clean surfaces and objects that are touched frequently, including desks, doorknobs, railings, computer keyboards, phones, and toys.
- Use a bleach-and-water solution (0.1% solution; 1:50 dilution) or disinfectant with a label that says "EPA approved" for killing bacteria and viruses. Always follow directions on product labels.

To prepare your school or facility?

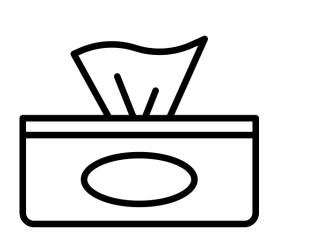


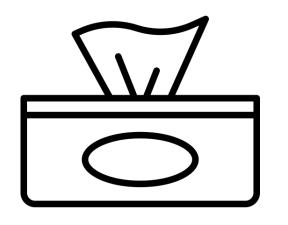
 Businesses may need to postpone or cancel international business travel that could expose employees to potential community spread of COVID-19.



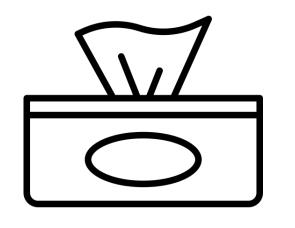
- Businesses may need to postpone or cancel international business travel that could expose employees to potential community spread of COVID-19.
- Business leadership are encouraged to consult with local public health officials when making such decisions.

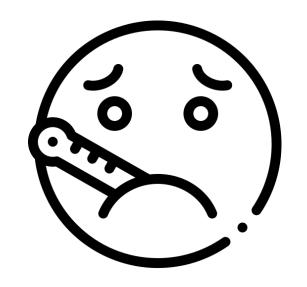
What can you do



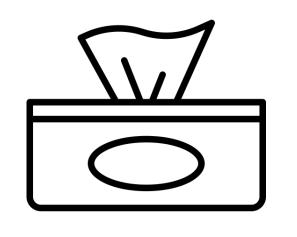






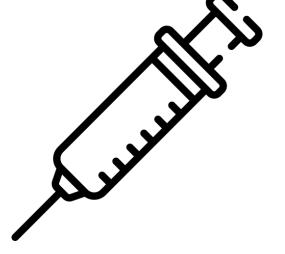


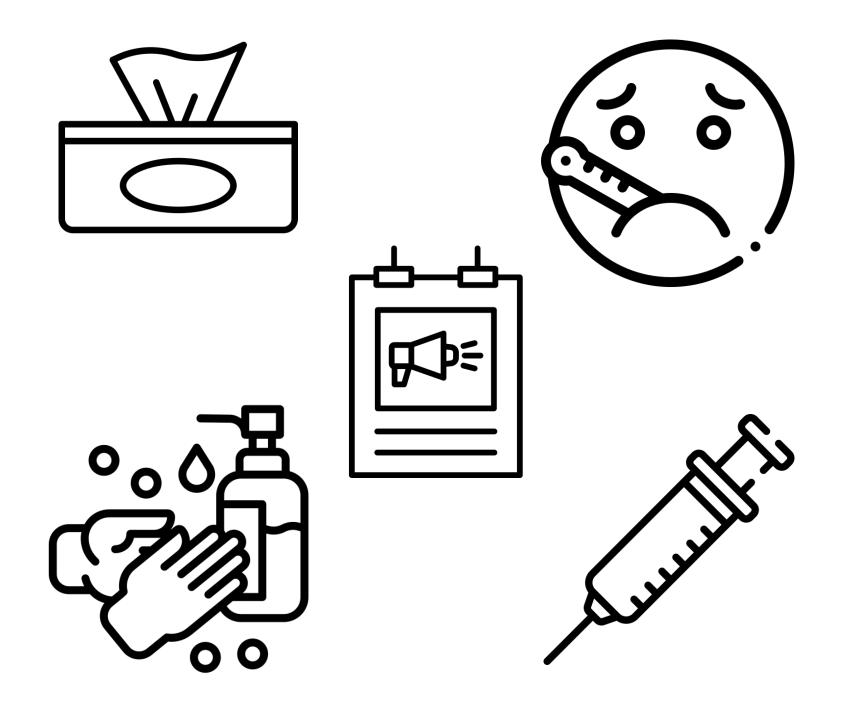






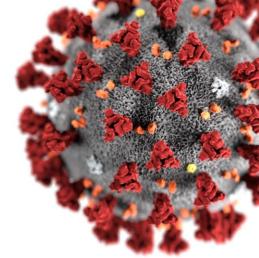






Additional Resources

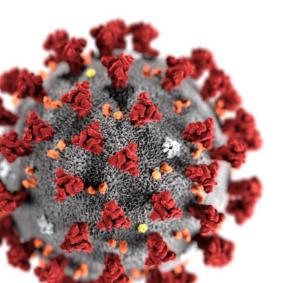
- azhealth.gov/coronavirus
- cdc.gov/coronavirus/2019-ncov
- Arizona Pandemic Influenza Response Plan
- How to Wash Your Hands (ADHS)/Spanish
- Stop the Spread of Germs (CDC) / Spanish
- Employer Responsibilities in Public Health Response (<u>Department of Labor</u>, <u>Equal Employment Opportunities</u>)
- Interim Guidance for Businesses and Employers
- Travel Guidance
- Travel Planner-<u>Small Business International Travel</u> Resources

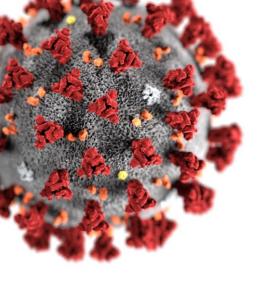


Additional Resources

If you have any questions about how to prepare for COVID-19, please contact your local health department.

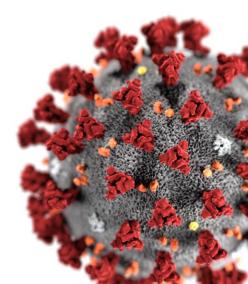
azhealth.gov/localhealth





QUESTIONS?

Thank you for attending!



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For additional questions: **COVID-19 Question Form**

